



Annual report

2018

Deposit Protection Fund



| | |
|--|----|
| Foreword of the Chairman of the Council of the Deposit Protection Fund | 2 |
| <hr/> | |
| Activities of the Deposit Protection Fund in 2018 | 3 |
| <hr/> | |
| Independent Auditor's Report and 2018 Financial Statements | 6 |
| <hr/> | |
| Selected Financial Indicators of the Deposit Protection Fund | 31 |
| <hr/> | |
| Report of the Supervisory Board of the Deposit Protection Fund | 32 |
| <hr/> | |

.....

FOREWORD OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL OF THE DEPOSIT PROTECTION FUND

Dear Sir/Madam,

The Deposit Protection Fund is the institutional component of the statutory deposit guarantee scheme in Slovakia pursuant to Act of the National Council of the Slovak Republic No. 118/1996 Coll. on Deposit Protection, as amended, which is fully compatible with Directive 2014/49/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on deposit guarantee schemes. Currently, twelve banks participate in this deposit guarantee scheme.

The Deposit Protection Fund's activities has helped in the long term to meet one of the primary objectives of EU legislation, which is to ensure balanced financial stability of the banking sector.

Funding of the deposit guarantee scheme by differentiated bank contributions is prescribed by law. It is based on the principles of determining contributions with regard to the risk profile of banks as well as based on some statutory indicators. In 2018, their amount was again determined in cooperation with the National Bank of Slovakia and it takes into account the real operations and position of banks in the financial market.

The Deposit Protection Fund manages the funds of the National Fund, including the collection and transfer of banks' contributions to the European Single Resolution Fund, pursuant to Act No. 371/2014 Coll. on Resolution in the Financial Market, as amended. One of the primary objectives of this Act is to prevent crisis situations and to address potential bankruptcy of a selected financial institution without the need for an intervention using public funds, in line with the conditions of protecting depositors and their protected deposits.

A new information system for compensation payments for legally-protected non-accessible deposits in banks was developed in 2018 to meet

the Deposit Protection Fund's statutory obligations. Moreover, stress testing of the functionality of this information system was carried out in cooperation with selected banks in line with the legal competencies.

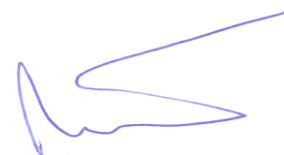
In 2018, there was very positive development in two pending bankruptcy proceedings of the bankrupts, Devín banka, a. s. and Slovenská kreditná banka, a. s., for which the Deposit Protection Fund paid compensation for non-accessible deposits. Final reports were prepared and litigations were finally resolved in both cases. Both bankruptcy proceedings are in their final phase.

The Deposit Protection Fund placed an emphasis on cooperation between deposit guarantee schemes in the EU and on the exchange of information, which is a prerequisite for well-functioning European deposit guarantee schemes. To this end, a single European deposit guarantee scheme is gradually being built as the third pillar of the European banking union.

The fulfilment of the important tasks of the Deposit Protection Fund was supported by effective cooperation with the representatives of the Ministry of Finance of the Slovak Republic, the National Bank of Slovakia, the Slovak Banking Association, commercial banks and other competent institutions.

Dear Sir/Madam,

I would also like to thank all representatives of the above institutions, the members of the Council, Supervisory Board, Presidium of the Deposit Protection Fund, as well as employees of the Deposit Protection Fund for their activities and commitment to deposit protection and for their contribution to the fulfilment of tasks in 2018.



RNDr. Karol Mrva
Chairman of the Council of
the Deposit Protection Fund

ACTIVITIES OF THE DEPOSIT PROTECTION FUND IN 2018

Development of Deposits in the Banking Sector

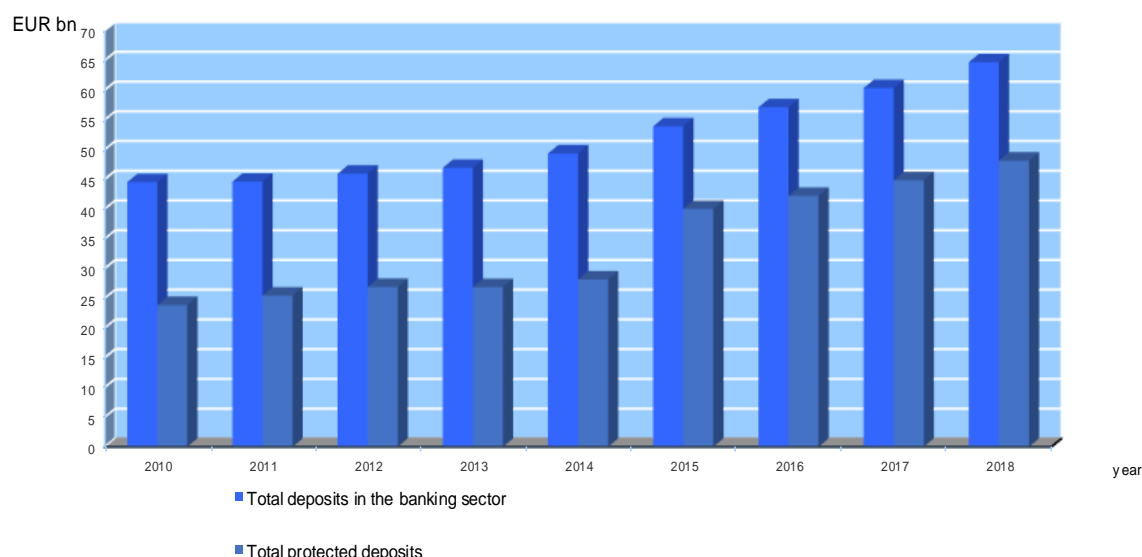
The volume of deposits in the banking sector in Slovakia amounted to EUR 64.68 billion in 2018 and there was an increase in protected deposits by EUR 3.28 billion (7.3%) compared to 2017. The share of protected deposits of total bank deposits in the banking sector amounts to 74.4% and protected deposits amounted to EUR 48.12 billion at the end of 2018. In addition to protected deposits, banks also report covered deposits, which is the amount of a protected deposit of one depositor in the bank up to the deposit coverage limit of EUR 100 000. Covered

deposits at the end of 2018 amounted to EUR 34.3 billion, ie almost 71% of protected bank deposits.

Twelve banks participated in the deposit guarantee scheme at the end of 2018: Slovenská sporiteľňa, a. s., Všeobecná úverová banka, a. s., Tatra banka, a. s., Poštová banka, a. s., Československá obchodná banka, a. s., Prvá stavebná sporiteľňa, a. s., Prima banka Slovensko, a. s., OTP Banka Slovensko, a. s., Wüstenrot stavebná sporiteľňa, a. s., Privatbanka, a. s., ČSOB stavebná sporiteľňa, a. s. and Slovenská záručná a rozvojová banka, a. s.

The development of deposits in banks in Slovakia from 2010 to 2018 is shown in the chart below.

Development of Deposits in the Banking Sector from 2010 to 2018



Contributions to the Deposit Protection Fund

In 2018, banks paid differentiated annual contributions to the Deposit Protection Fund. The annual contribution to the Deposit Protection Fund was calculated for each bank individually according to methodology published on the Deposit Protection Fund's website and amounted to 0.01% of the average amount of covered deposits for 2017.

In 2018, banks' annual contribution paid to the Deposit Protection Fund totalled EUR 3.16 million.

The Deposit Protection Fund concentrates the funds paid in the form of bank contributions in the contribution fund, which represents the accumulated funds of the Fund for compensation payments if necessary.

The Deposit Protection Fund's funds are deposited in accounts with the National Bank of Slovakia and amounted to EUR 208 million at the end of 2018. The Deposit Protection Fund's funds are intended for the performance of its duties and obligations imposed by the Deposit Protection Act. The Fund's own funds represent 0.61% of covered deposits.

Bankruptcy Proceedings

In 2018, the Deposit Protection Fund's assets included receivables from two banks remaining in bankruptcy, Slovenská kreditná banka and Devín banka, whose bankruptcy proceedings have not yet been finalised. In February 2019, the bankruptcy trustee of Devín banka, a. s. submitted a final report to the bankruptcy court, which was published in the Commercial Journal.

In addition, the bankruptcy trustee of Slovenská kreditná banka, a. s. took steps in 2018 to finish the bankruptcy proceedings.

The condition for satisfying the Deposit Protection Fund as the largest creditor in the bankruptcy proceedings is the issue of distribution resolutions based on the approved final reports by the bankruptcy court.

Result of Operations of the Deposit Protection Fund

The Deposit Protection Fund prepared its 2018 financial statements pursuant to Measure of the Ministry of Finance of the Slovak Republic No. 22273/2008-74, as amended. This measure was supplemented with accounting and reporting with respect to the National Crisis Resolution Fund by Measure of the Ministry of Finance of the Slovak Republic No. MF/020367/2015-74, as amended.

The Deposit Protection Fund's management expenses as at 31 December 2018 amounted to EUR 473 935 and revenues amounted to EUR 207 631.

Compensation for Non-Accessible Deposit in Banks

If deposits at a bank in the Slovak Republic become non-accessible, depositors receive compensation for all their legally-protected deposits in this bank of up to EUR 100 000, unless laid down otherwise in the Deposit Protection Act.

Deposits in a branch of a foreign bank, which accepts deposits in Slovakia taking advantage of a single bank licence under EU legislation, are protected under the rules of the deposit guarantee scheme in the Member State where the relevant foreign bank has its registered office.

Management of the National Fund's Funds

Pursuant to the Act on Resolution in the Financial Market, the Deposit Protection Fund manages the funds of the National Fund, to which banks paid annual contributions totalling EUR 19.04 million in 2018. The individual contributions were determined by the Single Resolution Board.

Main Activities of the Fund in 2018

In August 2018, the Deposit Protection Fund implemented a new information system for compensation payments for non-accessible deposits in banks (hereinafter the "FOV system"), which meets all legislative requirements. The FOV system was procured in accordance with the legal public procurement requirements.

The FOV system's functionalities were subject to comprehensive tests with respect to domestic and cross-border compensation payments for non-accessible deposits in banks. The system's functionalities were tested in cooperation with all banks participating in the deposit guarantee scheme.

The functionality of cross-border compensation payments was tested in cooperation with the host deposit guarantee scheme in the Czech Republic.

The results of the test operation showed that the selected bank is able to duly and timely perform all obligations and rights of an intermediary bank for the Deposit Protection Fund. In addition, the ability of all banks to generate data files about depositors, their deposits and liabilities in terms of their correctness and processability was tested by the FOV system.

After the successful completion of the test operation and signing the acceptance protocol, the Deposit Protection Fund took possession of the FOV system.

In accordance with the Deposit Protection Act and the stress testing plan of the deposit guarantee scheme in Slovakia for 2017 to 2019, an operational capability test was performed to test the functionality of the payment of compensation to depositors in the event of bank

insolvency in line with the relevant legislation. The stress tests' results confirmed that the tested banks are able to generate data files for potential compensation payments for non-accessible deposits and these files are capable of being processed and used by the FOV system in the compensation payment process.

For the stress testing, a steering group and an observer group were established whose members are representatives of the Deposit Protection Fund, the National Bank of Slovakia, the Ministry of Finance of the Slovak Republic and the Slovak Banking Association.

A report was prepared about the result of stress testing, including the Declaration of Observers for Stress Testing of the Deposit Guarantee Scheme in 2018. The report was approved by the Deposit Protection Fund's Council in December 2018 and was submitted to the National Bank of Slovakia, the Ministry of Finance of the Slovak Republic and the European Banking Authority (EBA).

In 2018, the Deposit Protection Fund established cooperation with the EDDIES (European DGS to DGS Information Exchange System) system administrator, which is used, based on a common agreement, by all European deposit insurance institutions to exchange information regarding potential provision of cross-border payment data. The EDDIES system complies with all technical and security standards, and the Deposit Protection Fund will use it for potential cross-border compensation payments for non-accessible deposits of depositors.



Ing. Pavol Komzala
Chairman of the Presidium
of the Deposit Protection Fund

Independent Auditor's Report



Deloitte Audit s.r.o.
Digital Park II, Einsteinova 23
851 01 Bratislava
Slovak Republic

Tel.: +421 2 582 49 111
Fax: +421 2 582 49 222
deloitteSK@deloitteCE.com
www.deloitte.sk

Registered in the Commercial
Register of the District Court Bratislava I
Section Sro, File 4444/B
Id. Nr.: 31 343 414
VAT Id. Nr.: SK2020325516

Fond ochrany vkladov

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Presidium, Council and the Supervisory Board of Fond ochrany vkladov:

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Fond ochrany vkladov (the "Fund"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2018, and the income statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2018, and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with the Act on Accounting No. 431/2002 Coll. as amended (the "Act on Accounting").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the provisions of Act No. 423/2015 Coll. on Statutory Audit and on Amendment to and Supplementation of Act No. 431/2002 Coll. on Accounting, as amended (hereinafter the "Act on Statutory Audit") related to ethical requirements, including the Code of Ethics for Auditors that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibility of the Fund's Presidium

Presidium of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Act on Accounting, and for such internal control as Presidium of the Fund determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Presidium of the Fund is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless Funds' Presidium either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Deloitte refers to one or more of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited, a UK private company limited by guarantee and its network of member firms, each of which is a legally separate and independent entity. Please see www.deloitte.com/sk/about for a detailed description of the legal structure of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited and its member firms.

Deloitte provides audit, tax, consulting, transaction advisory and legal services to public and private clients spanning multiple industries. With a globally connected network of member firms in more than 150 countries and territories, Deloitte brings world-class capabilities and high-quality service to clients, delivering the insights they need to address their most complex business challenges. Deloitte's approximately 225,000 professionals are committed to making an impact that matters.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the statutory body.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Fund's Presidium use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Report on Information Disclosed in the Annual Report

Presidium of the Fund is responsible for information disclosed in the annual report prepared under the requirements of the Act on Accounting. Our opinion on the financial statements stated above does not apply to other information in the annual report.

In connection with the audit of financial statements, our responsibility is to gain an understanding of the information disclosed in the annual report and consider whether such information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit of the financial statements, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.


As at the issuance date of the auditor's report on the audit of financial statements, the annual report was not available to us.

When we obtain the annual report, we will evaluate whether the Fund's annual report includes information whose disclosure is required under the Act on Accounting, and based on procedures performed during the audit of the financial statements, we will express an opinion on whether:

- Information disclosed in the annual report prepared for 2018 is consistent with the financial statements for the relevant year; and
- The annual report includes information pursuant to the Act on Accounting.

Furthermore, we will disclose whether material misstatements were identified in the annual report based on our understanding of the Fund and its position, obtained in the audit of the financial statements.

Bratislava, 8 March 2019



Ing. Zuzana Letková, FCCA
Responsible Auditor
Licence SKAu No. 865

On behalf of
Deloitte Audit s.r.o.
Licence SKAu No. 014

ÚČ ZFOND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

guarantee fund
as of December 31, 2018

| | | | |
|---|--|---|---|
| Tax ID no 2 0 2 0 8 6 2 0 3 0 | Financial statements <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> - ordinary <input type="checkbox"/> - extraordinary <input type="checkbox"/> - repeated | Financial statements <input type="checkbox"/> - prepared <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> - approved <input type="checkbox"/> - not approved | For period from month 0 1 to month 1 2 year 2 0 1 8 year 2 0 1 8 |
| Company ID no 3 5 7 0 0 5 6 4 | | | Immediately preceding period from month 0 1 to month 1 2 year 2 0 1 7 year 2 0 1 7 |
| SK NACE 6 6 . 1 1 . 0 | (mark <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>) | | |
| Financial statements Appendices <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Balance Sheet (ÚČ ZFOND 1-01) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Profit and loss statement (ÚČ ZFOND 2-01) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notes (ÚČ ZFOND 3-01) (mark <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>) | |
| Business name (name) of reporting enterprise F O N D O C H R A N Y V K L A D O V | | | |
| Registered address street and number K A P I T U L S K Á 1 2 | | | |
| Postal Code 8 1 2 4 7 | City B R A T I S L A V A | | |
| Companies' Register and registration no. 5 6 6 B s e k c i a P O | | | |
| Telephone no.: 0 2 / 5 4 4 3 5 4 4 4 | Fax number | | |
| E-mail address: f o v @ f o v s r . s k | | | |
| Prepared on 28. February 2019 | Signature of a member of the reporting enterprise's statutory body: Kouzle H. Jambal | | |
| Approved on: 21. March 2019 | | | |

Company ID

3 5 7 0 0 5 6 4

Tax ID

2 0 2 0 8 6 2 0 3 0

ÚČ ZFOND 1-1

BALANCE SHEET
as at 31 December 2018
in EUR

| Description | ITEM | Note No. | Current Reporting Period 1 Jan 2018 - 31 Dec 2018 | | | Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period (1 Jan 2017 - 31 Dec 2017) |
|-------------|---|----------|--|----------------------|--------------------|---|
| | | | Gross | Correction | Net | |
| a | b | c | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| x | Assets | x | x | x | x | x |
| 1. | Current account in the National Bank of Slovakia and cash on hand | | 5 610 292 | 0 | 5 610 292 | 395 889 |
| 2. | Term deposits in the National Bank of Slovakia | E.2. | 202 504 175 | 0 | 202 504 175 | 205 089 581 |
| 3. | Receivables from loans provided to guarantee funds | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4. | Government bonds | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5. | Receivables from paid compensation | E.5. | 528 898 212 | (477 097 422) | 51 800 790 | 51 280 176 |
| 6. | Receivables from contributors | E.6. | 17 625 | (17 625) | 0 | 0 |
| 7. | Acquisition of tangible and intangible assets | E.7. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 95 664 |
| 8. | Intangible assets | E.8. | 419 105 | (264 833) | 154 272 | 0 |
| 9. | Tangible assets | E.9. | 886 578 | (473 060) | 413 518 | 403 942 |
| a) | Not depreciated | | 1 847 | 0 | 1 847 | 1 847 |
| b) | Depreciated | | 884 731 | (473 060) | 411 671 | 402 095 |
| 10. | Other assets | E.10.I. | 3 607 | 0 | 3 607 | 5 064 |
| 11. | Loss | | 266 304 | | 266 304 | 313 200 |
| | Total assets | | 738 605 898 | (477 852 940) | 260 752 958 | 257 583 516 |

| Description | ITEM | Note No. | Current Reporting Period 1 Jan 2018 - 31 Dec 2018 | | Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period 1 Jan 2017 - 31 Dec 2017 | |
|-------------|---|----------|--|--------------------|--|--------------------|
| | | | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| a | b | c | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| x | Liabilities | x | x | x | x | x |
| 1. | Loan liabilities to the National Bank of Slovakia | | | 0 | | 0 |
| 2. | Liabilities to banks | | | 0 | | 0 |
| a) | from short-term loans | | | 0 | | 0 |
| b) | from long-term loans | | | 0 | | 0 |
| 3. | Loan liabilities to guarantee funds | | | 0 | | 0 |
| 4. | Liabilities for compensation payments | E.4.I. | | 6 375 | | 16 421 |
| 5. | Other liabilities | E.5.I. | | 85 054 | | 274 434 |
| 6. | Tax liabilities | | | 0 | | 310 |
| a) | Current income tax | | | 0 | | 310 |
| b) | Deferred tax liability | | | 0 | | 0 |
| 7. | Contribution fund | E.7.I. | | 260 661 529 | | 257 292 351 |
| 8. | Profit | | | 0 | | 0 |
| | Total liabilities | | | 260 752 958 | | 257 583 516 |

Company ID

3 5 7 0 0 5 6 4

Tax ID

2 0 2 0 8 6 2 0 3 0

ÚČ ZFOND 2-1

INCOME STATEMENT
in EUR
for 1 Jan 2018 - 31 Dec 2018

| Description | ITEM | Note No. | Current Reporting Period 1 Jan 2018 - 31 Dec 2018 | Immediately- Preceding Reporting Period 1 Jan 2017 - 31 Dec 2017 |
|-------------|---|----------|---|--|
| a | b | c | 1 | 2 |
| a. | Personnel expenses | E.a. | (306 238) | (362 147) |
| a.1. | Wages and salaries and social security payments | | (304 150) | (359 046) |
| a.2. | Other personnel expenses | | (2 088) | (3 101) |
| b. | Other operating expenses | E.b. | (91 964) | (92 238) |
| c. | Depreciation charges | | (35 712) | (24 970) |
| d. | Net impairment of assets and depreciation of assets | | 0 | 0 |
| e. | Other expenses | E.e. | (320) | (310) |
| 1. | Interest income | E.1. | 206 977 | 204 214 |
| 2./f. | Profit/loss from bond operations | | 0 | 0 |
| 3./g. | Profit/loss from the sale and transfer of assets | | 0 | 1 733 |
| 4. | Other income | E.4. | 654 | 0 |
| I. | Guarantee fund administration expenses | E.I. | (434 234) | (479 664) |
| II. | National Fund administration expenses | E.II. | (322) | (372) |
| h. | Interest and similar expenses | | 0 | 0 |
| i. | Creation of provisions for compensation payments | | 0 | 0 |
| j. | Income tax | G.6. | (39 379) | (39 111) |
| III. | Guarantee fund financing expenses | | (39 379) | (39 111) |
| A. | Profit/loss for the reporting period after tax | G.4. | (266 304) | (313 200) |

Company ID

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

Tax ID

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

NOTES**to Financial Statements Prepared
as at 31 December 2018
in EUR****A. GENERAL INFORMATION**

Fond ochrany vkladov (Deposit Protection Fund) (hereinafter the “Fund” or “FOV”) with its registered seat at Kapitulska 12, 812 47 Bratislava, is a legal entity established by Act of the National Council of the Slovak Republic No. 118/1996 Coll. on Protection of Deposits and on Amendments to Certain Acts of 20 March 1996 (hereinafter the “Deposit Protection Act”), which became effective on 1 July 1996.

The Fund was registered in the Commercial Register of District Court Bratislava I on 10 October 1996 in File No. 566/B, Section PO.

The Fund is an institutional part of the statutory deposit protection system in the Slovak Republic and performs activities, rights and obligations associated with the deposit protection system.

The Fund is not a state fund and its activities and tasks are not performed for business purposes. Details of its status, activities, organisation and use of funds are governed by the Fund’s Statutes.

The Fund performs activities laid down by the Deposit Protection Act relating to the protection of deposits of natural persons and legal entities deposited in banks participating in the deposit protection system in Slovakia. Banks are required to participate in the Slovak deposit protection system under the Deposit Protection Act from the date of receipt of the first legally-protected deposit.

No changes to the Deposit Protection Act were made in 2018. Changes were made to Act No. 371/2014 Coll. on Crisis Resolution in the Financial Market and on Amendments to and Supplementation of Certain Acts, as amended (hereinafter the “Crisis Resolution Act”), namely by Act No. 177/2018 Coll. of 15 May 2018 on Certain Measures to Reduce the Administrative Burden using Public Administration’s Information Systems and on Amendments to and Supplementation of Certain Acts (Anti Bureaucracy Act) and Act No. 373/2018 Coll. of 5 December 2018 amending and supplementing Act No. 371/2014 Coll. on Crisis Resolution in the Financial Market.

The Fund performs the following activities:

- Accumulation of monetary contributions from banks to the Fund and management of the Fund’s funds pursuant to Article 13 of the Deposit Protection Act, compensation payments for inaccessible deposits in banks to the extent and under the conditions laid down by the Deposit Protection Act and General Terms and Conditions for Compensation Payments for Legally-Protected Inaccessible Deposits in Banks, issued by the Fund pursuant to Article 12 (3) of the Deposit Protection Act;
- Management of funds in the National Fund for Crisis Resolution under the Crisis Resolution Act, including the collection of contributions and keeping records of these funds;
- Purchase of government securities with a maturity of up to one year from the purchase date; and
- Fulfilment of the Fund’s main tasks relating to expertise, organisation, administration and technical aspects pursuant to the Deposit Protection Act in conjunction with the Crisis Resolution Act.

The Fund’s financial statements for the preceding reporting period ended 31 December 2017 was approved by the Fund’s Council on 20 March 2018.

Company ID

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

Tax ID

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

On 2 October 2017, the Fund's Supervisory Board gave consent to the Fund's Presidium to reappoint Deloitte Audit s.r.o. as auditor of the Fund's financial statements for the next reporting period, ie from 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2018.

Based on the classification by the Statistical Office of the Slovak Republic, the Deposit Protection Fund is classified as a public administration body with effect from 1 January 2018 pursuant to the European methodology of ESA 2010.

Information about the Fund's bodies is presented in Note G.5.

B. ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND METHODS APPLIED

B.1. Method of Preparation of the Financial Statements

The Fund's financial statements were prepared to address the public need to assess the efficiency of the Fund's statutory activity. When preparing the financial statements, the Fund observed Measure of the Ministry of Finance of the Slovak Republic of 10 December 2008 No. MF/22273/2008-74, laying down details on the arrangement, naming and content of items included in financial statements and on the extent of financial statements' disclosures, the frame chart of accounts and accounting procedures for the Deposit Protection Fund, Investment Guarantee Fund, electronic money institutions and branches of foreign financial institutions and on amendments to certain measures, as amended.

In compliance with Article 17 of Act No. 431/2002 Coll. on Accounting, as amended (the "Accounting Act"), the Fund's separate financial statements were prepared as annual financial statements. These financial statements were prepared in euro (hereinafter "€" or "EUR"). Balances are disclosed in whole euro, unless stated otherwise.

The reporting period is a calendar year ended 31 December 2018.

B.2. Accounting Principles and Methods Applied

The Fund keeps its accounting books in line with the Act on Accounting and the relevant measures of the Ministry of Finance of the Slovak Republic under double-entry book-keeping system.

The 2018 financial statements were prepared under the assumption that the Fund is a going-concern legal entity established by law.

The financial statements was prepared on the accrual basis. The effects of transactions and other events are disclosed as they occur and in the period to which they relate. The financial statements were prepared on a historical cost measurement basis.

The prudence principle is applied to measuring assets and liabilities, whereby all risks, losses, and impairments related to assets and liabilities and known as at the reporting date are used as a basis.

Loss from previous years and loss in the approval process are recognised as assets. After the approval of the financial statements, the loss is cleared with the contribution fund and earnings from the previous reporting period are transferred to the contribution fund account.

Financial assets and financial liabilities in the balance sheet are disclosed as current (with the agreed maturity of up to one year) and as non-current (with the agreed maturity over one year).

Company ID

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

Tax ID

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

When compiling financial statements, the Fund's management is required to prepare estimates and assumptions that impact the recognised amounts of assets and liabilities and the preparation of estimated items of assets and liabilities as at the reporting date, and the disclosed amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Company's results may differ from these estimates due to future changes in regulatory requirements, accounting rules or other factors.

Areas requiring a subjective judgment include disclosed provisions for liabilities that involve an estimate of expenses needed to settle a liability of uncertain performance or uncertain amount, and of creation of provisions.

B.3. New Accounting Methods Applied

In 2018, changes were made to the accounting methods and principles compared to the previous reporting period. The change was made by Amendment No. 4 to the Deposit Protection Fund's Presidium Guideline No. 1/2006 Principles for the Registration and Depreciation of Assets in the Deposit Protection Fund. More information on the changes is disclosed in Note B. 4.

B.4. Measurement of Assets and Liabilities

Receivables and payables are measured at their face value when originated.

Receivables from paid compensation are recognised at their face value when originated and a provision for assets is used to express impairment to the amount of expected recoverability of the Fund's receivables. Measurement is performed as at the reporting date.

The creation of provisions for the Fund's receivables or payables (dissolution of provisions for receivables or payables) in relation to compensation payments for inaccessible deposits is not an expense (income), but rather is recognised with a counter-entry in the contribution fund until its exhaustion.

Provisions for assets represent justifiable anticipated temporary impairment of assets. Completely impaired assets are written off.

Provisions for unbilled supplies and services, provisions for audit of financial statements and provisions for unused vacation days, including contributions an employer is required to pay for an employee, are disclosed in other liabilities as accrued expenses and measured at the anticipated payable amount.

The Fund's cash on hand and its funds deposited in current and term accounts in the National Bank of Slovakia are disclosed at face value. Term deposits yield accrued interest income.

Improvement of assets, income from the relevant assets and expenses for income is disclosed in gross amount in a separate line of the income statement.

Gains and costs of the sale of assets are disclosed in net amount as the difference between gains and costs; the difference represents profit or loss.

Interest income and expense are accrued in the income statement using the effective interest rate method. Accruals and deferrals of earned interest recognised with a counter-entry in income and expense accounts related to financial instruments are recognised in the relevant account groups for financial instruments.

Contributions paid to the deposit protection system are not the Fund's income, they create the contribution fund that can be used to perform its core legal activities, including the Fund's operation. The balance of the contribution fund cannot be negative.

Company ID

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

Tax ID

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

Tangible and intangible assets are measured at cost, at which they were acquired, including related incidental costs, and depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life corresponding to normal conditions of their use.

The principles for the registration and depreciation of assets were modified in 2018 by Amendment No. 4 to the Deposit Protection Fund's Presidium Guideline No. 1/2006 "Principles for the Registration and Depreciation of Assets". As a result, tangible assets with a value lower than EUR 500 and intangible assets with a value lower than EUR 2 400 are recognised directly in expenses when placed into service.

Repairs and maintenance are recognised in the income statement when incurred.

Income tax is a tax liability from taxable income for the year. It is calculated using the tax rate applicable on the reporting date.

B.5. Transaction Date

The transaction date is the date on which a receivable or a payable originates, the date of paying a payable, of collecting, assigning or depositing of a receivable, of paying or receiving an advance payment, of paying or receiving cash, the date of purchase or sale of foreign currency funds or securities, or the date of crediting securities to an account, the date of closing or settling a securities trade, a deficit, surplus, damage or movement in the Fund's assets, or other events under special regulations or internal conditions and procedures of the Fund that are subject to bookkeeping, or can be documented.

B.6. Depreciation of Tangible and Intangible Assets

Tangible and intangible assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life corresponding to normal conditions of their use. The annual depreciation charge on tangible assets under the straight-line depreciation method is calculated as the quotient of the tangible assets' cost and the depreciation period applicable to the relevant depreciation class.

In the first depreciation year of tangible assets, only a pro rata portion of the annual depreciation charge is applied and this is calculated under Article 27(1) of Act No. 595/2003 Coll. on Income Tax, as amended (the "Income Tax Act"), based on the number of months, starting in the month in which it was put into use, up to the end of that taxation period. Tangible investments in progress, land and works of art are not depreciated.

The estimated useful life of intangible assets is 4-8 years, depending on the class.

The economic useful life of tangible assets in the Fund is as follows:

| | Years |
|-----------------------------------|--------|
| Buildings | 40 |
| Passenger vehicles | 5 |
| Furniture and fixtures & fittings | 5 - 15 |
| Computers/peripherals | 4 - 15 |
| Other | 6 - 8 |
| Low-value tangible assets | 5 |

Company ID

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

Tax ID

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

B.7. Principles and Procedures for Identifying Impaired Assets

As at the reporting date, it is determined whether there is objective evidence for impairment of assets that are not measured at fair value. Fair value and carrying amount is compared for assets other than financial assets. For financial assets, it is determined whether one or more events occurred after their acquisition, which reduced the estimate of expected future cash flows from these assets.

B.8. Principles and Procedures for the Creation of Provisions for Assets and Provisions for Liabilities

Receivables that the Fund paid to bank depositors under the Deposit Protection Act, and other receivables from these banks comprise receivables from paid compensation that the Fund records in its accounting books (due to a failure to pay a participant's contribution to the deposit protection system, etc). Receivables from banks in bankruptcy are disclosed at amounts net of provisions for assets. Receivables are assessed in terms of recoverability and the Fund creates provisions for receivables from debtors in bankruptcy in accordance with the Income Tax Act, and Act No. 328/1991 Coll. on Bankruptcy and Settlement, as amended (the "Bankruptcy and Settlement Act"), which was valid when these banks became bankrupt.

Receivables are measured in accordance with the principles for the creation of provisions in the Fund, taking into consideration the anticipated risks and losses, the anticipated time of settlement and the amount recoverable in the debtor's bankruptcy proceedings in favour of the Fund. The Fund writes off receivables upon a legally binding court decision.

The Fund creates provisions for compensation payments for inaccessible deposits based on a risk assessment that, in the foreseeable future, the Fund will have to make such a payment if the possibility of losing funds involving economic benefits, which will be required to meet the obligation, is greater than 75%, and it is possible to reliably estimate the reduction in these funds. The Fund uses analyses of information available from the banking environment to identify facts that could potentially constitute legal obligations to pay compensation in the foreseeable future. Based on this assessment, the Fund did not create provisions for compensation payments as at 31 December 2018.

Company ID

3 5 7 0 0 5 6 4

Tax ID

2 0 2 0 8 6 2 0 3 0

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

E. NOTES TO BALANCE SHEET AND INCOME STATEMENT ITEMS
BALANCE SHEET OF THE GUARANTEE FUND
Assets
E.2.I. EUR – Term Deposits in NBS by Agreed Maturity

| Line | Term Deposits in NBS by Agreed Maturity | Current Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2018 | Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2017 |
|------|---|--|--|
| 1. | Up to one month | 0 | 0 |
| 2. | Up to three months | 0 | 0 |
| 3. | Up to six months | 0 | 0 |
| 4. | Up to one year | 202 504 175 | 205 089 581 |
| 5. | Up to two years | 0 | 0 |
| 6. | Up to five years | 0 | 0 |
| 7. | Over five years | 0 | 0 |
| | Total | 202 504 175 | 205 089 581 |

E.2.II. EUR – Term Deposits in NBS by Residual Maturity

| Line | Term Deposits in NBS by Residual Maturity | Current Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2018 | Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2017 |
|------|---|--|--|
| 1. | Up to one month | 0 | 0 |
| 2. | Up to three months | 15 511 739 | 15 492 978 |
| 3. | Up to six months | 116 514 489 | 113 460 233 |
| 4. | Up to one year | 70 477 947 | 76 136 370 |
| 5. | Up to two years | 0 | 0 |
| 6. | Up to five years | 0 | 0 |
| 7. | Over five years | 0 | 0 |
| | Total | 202 504 175 | 205 089 581 |

E.5.I. EUR – Receivables from Paid Compensation

| Line | Receivables from Paid Compensation | Current Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2018 | Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2017 |
|-----------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1. | Gross carrying amount | | |
| 1.1. | Slovenská kreditná banka, a.s. | 143 320 589 | 143 320 589 |
| 1.2. | Devín banka, a.s. | 385 577 623 | 385 567 821 |
| | Total | 528 898 212 | 528 888 410 |
| 2. | Impairment | | |
| 2.1. | Slovenská kreditná banka, a.s. | 135 005 559 | 134 999 226 |
| 2.2. | Devín banka, a.s. | 342 091 863 | 342 609 008 |
| | Total | 477 097 422 | 477 608 234 |
| 3. | Net carrying amount | | |
| 3.1. | Slovenská kreditná banka, a.s. | 8 315 030 | 8 321 363 |
| 3.2. | Devín banka, a.s. | 43 485 760 | 42 958 813 |
| | Total | 51 800 790 | 51 280 176 |

Company ID

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

Tax ID

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

When exercising bank oversight in 2000 and 2001, the National Bank of Slovakia identified four banks with a permanent lack of liquidity and declared them to be unable to pay out deposits in accordance with Article 8 (3) of the Deposit Protection Act. Between 2000 and 2004, the Fund met its statutory obligation vis-a-vis the depositors of these banks and paid compensation for inaccessible deposits protected by the Deposit Protection Act.

The difference between the amount of registered receivables and the amount of receivables recognised in the accounting books represents unpaid compensations. The Fund ended the payments of compensations with respect to the bankrupt Slovenská kreditná banka in 2003. As regards the bankrupt Devín banka, a. s., on 4 December 2018 the Fund's Council decided that compensation payments would end on 31 December 2018 in accordance with Article 10 (1) of the Deposit Protection Act. The Fund proceeds in accordance with the Act on Bankruptcy and Settlement during bankruptcy proceedings and exercises its rights via creditor meetings, creditor committees, or other legal means under the Act on Bankruptcy and Settlement.

The amount of compensation payments made to depositors of Slovenská kreditná banka, a.s. and Devín banka, a.s. is subject to updated bankruptcy registrations filed with the competent regional court, ie Regional Court in Bratislava. All Fund receivables were acknowledged by the bankruptcy trustees.

E.5.II. Impairment of Receivables from Paid Compensation

The amount of provisions for the Fund's receivables from bankrupt banks for paid compensation depends on the amount of assets that comprise bankruptcy assets of the bankrupts and secures the receivables. The Fund's receivables are satisfied from the proceeds of the sale of assets based on the outcome of realisation plans and distribution resolutions of bankruptcy judges.

The amount of the created and recognised provisions for receivables is based on the information on bankruptcy proceedings available to the Fund from bankruptcy trustees and takes into account the circumstances and changes that occurred during the bankruptcy proceedings up to the reporting date. The Fund also takes into account experience with previous bankruptcy proceedings and other factors that impact the recoverability of receivables.

The Fund follows the prudence principle when estimating the recoverability of receivables. There is a certain degree of uncertainty with respect to the final amount of recovered receivables and the Fund expects that the final recovered amount will not be lower than the net carrying amount of receivables estimated in the financial statements. Recoverability estimates may change in the future depending on the development of the bankruptcy proceedings. The final recovered amounts may differ from estimates and the differences will depend on the outcome of other litigation, if any, to which the Fund is not a party.

In 2018, based on the analysis of the financial situation and of the development and progress of the bankruptcy proceedings, the Fund created provisions for receivables as regards Slovenská kreditná banka, a.s. "v konkurze", amounting to EUR 6 333 and cancelled provisions for receivables as regards Devín banka, a.s., v konkurze, amounting to EUR 517 144, which increased the total expected recovered amounts from the bankrupts by EUR 520 614 compared to the balance as at 31 December 2017.

Development of Bankruptcy Proceedings and Assets of the Fund's Debtors in 2018

The Fund's receivables from the bankrupts in 2018 are measured according to their assets, which are as follows:

Devín banka, a.s.

The bank's bankruptcy was announced by a resolution of Regional Court in Bratislava (file ref. 3K 297/00) on 28 September 2001. The Fund's registered receivable amounting to EUR 394 174 037 was acknowledged by the bankruptcy trustee at the preliminary hearing on 15 October 2003 as a 1st class receivable. The Fund updated the amount of the registered receivable to EUR 385 934 298.88 with a supplementation of the

Company ID

3 5 7 0 0 5 6 4

Tax ID

2 0 2 0 8 6 2 0 3 0

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

bankruptcy registration of 10 February 2016. The amount of the Fund's receivable is reduced mainly by unpaid compensation to depositors who did not exercise their right to compensation for an inaccessible deposit within three years of the start of compensation payments pursuant to Article 10 (9) of the Deposit Protection Act. In 2018, the Fund's receivables increased by EUR 9 802.11 due to the court's ruling in the court dispute regarding compensation payments.

As at 31 December 2018, the Fund cancelled a provision for receivables from the bankrupt amounting to EUR 517 144, primarily due to the specification of an amount of the most significant priority receivable of the bankrupt.

The funds of Devín banka as at 31 December 2018 amounting to EUR 49 284 ths. are deposited in bank accounts; interest income from the these funds is a bankruptcy asset. The Fund's receivable from this bankrupt bank as at 31 December 2018 was EUR 43 485 759.11.

Slovenská kreditná banka, a.s.

The bank's bankruptcy was announced by a resolution of Regional Court in Bratislava (file ref. 1K 118/00) on 4 July 2000. Pursuant to the Act on Bankruptcy and Settlement, the Fund's receivable of EUR 143 320 589 was acknowledged as a 3rd class receivable.

As at 31 December 2018, the funds in the bankruptcy administration accounts amounted to EUR 11 832 ths. The bankrupt's litigation was decided against the bankrupt. The entitlement subject to litigation was not registered as a receivable in the bankruptcy proceedings and will be subject to approval of the final report. During 2018, the bankruptcy assets increased by the amount of priority receivables and the Fund created a provision for the receivable amounting to EUR 6 333, after estimating the recoverable amount as at 31 December 2018.

The expected recovered amount of the Fund's receivable from this bankrupt bank as at 31 December 2018 is EUR 8 315 030.

E.6.I. EUR – Receivables of the Fund from Contributors

| Line | Receivables from Contributors | Current Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2018 | Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2017 |
|------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| 1. | Within maturity | 0 | 0 |
| 2. | Overdue | | |
| 2.1. | Slovenská kreditná banka, a.s. | 5 902 | 5 902 |
| 2.2. | Devín banka, a.s. | 11 723 | 11 723 |
| | Total | 17 625 | 17 625 |

The Fund's receivables from contributors are receivables from bankrupt banks which the Fund records in its accounting books due to late payment of the contribution of a participant in the Deposit Protection System and other receivables that are registered in bankruptcy and are acknowledged by bankruptcy trustees.

E.6.II. EUR - Impairment of Receivables from Contributors

| Line | Impairment of Receivables from Contributors | Current Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2018 | Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2017 |
|------|---|--|--|
| 1. | Gross carrying amount | 17 625 | 17 625 |
| 2. | Impairment | 17 625 | 17 625 |
| 3. | Net carrying amount | 0 | 0 |

Company ID

3 5 7 0 0 5 6 4

Tax ID

2 0 2 0 8 6 2 0 3 0

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

E.7., E.8. and E.9. EUR - TANGIBLE AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

| | Buildings and Land | Fixtures and Fittings | Motor Vehicles | Software | Assets in Acquisition | Total |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| Cost | | | | | | |
| At 1 Jan 2018 | 714 738 | 154 463 | 28 389 | 258 125 | 95 664 | 1 251 379 |
| Transfers | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (95 664) | (95 664) |
| Additions | 0 | 38 580 | 0 | 160 980 | | 199 560 |
| Disposals | 0 | (49 592) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (49 592) |
| At 31 Dec 2018 | 714 738 | 143 451 | 28 389 | 419 105 | 0 | 1 305 683 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | | |
| At 1 Jan 2018 | 342 974 | 147 362 | 3 311 | 258 125 | 0 | 751 773 |
| Depreciation charges for the year | 18 420 | 4 908 | 5 676 | 6 708 | | 35 712 |
| Disposals | 0 | (49 592) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (49 592) |
| At 31 Dec 2018 | 361 394 | 102 678 | 8 987 | 264 833 | 0 | 737 893 |
| Net book value | | | | | | |
| At 31 Dec 2018 | 353 343 | 40 773 | 19 402 | 154 272 | 0 | 567 790 |
| At 31 Dec 2017 | 371 764 | 7 101 | 25 078 | 0 | 95 664 | 499 606 |

In 2017, Contract for Work No. 1/2017 for the supply of a Deposit Protection Fund's System – hardware and software was concluded as amended by Amendment No. 1. The information system enables payment of compensations for inaccessible deposits in banks and branches of foreign banks, in which the deposits became inaccessible as per the Deposit Protection Act. In accordance with the Contract, a portion of the contractual price of EUR 95 664, ie 50% of the work's total price was paid in 2017. In August 2018, the testing operation of the system was finished and the Deposit Protection System was handed over and taken over by the signing of the acceptance protocol. In September 2018, the Deposit Protection Fund's System was registered in the assets ledger and is amortised in accordance with The principles for the registration and depreciation/amortisation of assets. A 50% share of the contractual amount paid in 2017 was offset against the total cost of the work.

E.10.I. EUR - Other Assets

| Line | Other Assets | Current Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2018 | Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2017 |
|-------------|-----------------------------|---|---|
| 1. | Provided operating advances | 101 | 640 |
| 2. | Inventories | 1 847 | 1 775 |
| 3. | Deferred expenses | 1 659 | 2 649 |
| | Total | 3 607 | 5 064 |

Company ID

3 5 7 0 0 5 6 4

Tax ID

2 0 2 0 8 6 2 0 3 0

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

BALANCE SHEET OF THE GUARANTEE FUND

Liabilities

E.4.I. EUR - Liabilities for Compensation Payments

| Line | Liabilities for Compensation Payments | Current Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2018 | Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2017 |
|------|--|--|--|
| 1. | Provisions for compensation payments to clients of Devín banka, a.s. | 0 | 243 |
| 2. | Other provisions for court decisions | 6 375 | 16 177 |
| | Total | 6 375 | 16 421 |

In conjunction with the ruling of the Bratislava Regional Court CO/150/2018-535 delivered to the Fund on 3 December 2018, the Court of Appeal ordered the Fund to pay default interest in the amount of EUR 9 802.11. At its 18th meeting held on 19 December 2018, the Fund's Presidium decided to decrease the provision by EUR 9 802.11 due to its use. The Fund's provision for court decisions as at 31 December 2018 amounting to EUR 6 375.15 is a provision for the costs of litigation to be paid by the Fund related to the completion of the litigation; the costs have not yet been quantified by the Court.

By Resolution No. 5 of the meeting held on 4 December 2018, the Fund's Council set the deadline for compensation payments of legally-protected inaccessible deposits in Devín banka, a. s. as 31 December 2018. After this date, the compensation payments were ended. As a result, the provision created in 2008 for compensation payments to depositors in the amount of EUR 243.34 as at 31 December 2018 was cancelled owing to the cessation of justifiability of its creation.

E.5.I. EUR - Other Liabilities

| Line | Other Liabilities | Current Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2018 | Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2017 |
|------|---|--|--|
| 1. | Accrued expenses | 33 016 | 29 311 |
| 2. | Payables to employees | 25 318 | 78 780 |
| 3. | Payables to social security and health insurance institutions | 16 076 | 37 709 |
| 4. | Clearing with the state budget | 6 204 | 25 274 |
| 5. | Other payables | 4 440 | 103 671 |
| | Total | 85 054 | 274 745 |

Accrued expenses include unbilled supplies, provisions for unused vacations days and withholding tax on interest income accrued as at 31 December 2018. Other payables include payables to suppliers within maturity.

Company ID

3 5 7 0 0 5 6 4

Tax ID

2 0 2 0 8 6 2 0 3 0

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

E.7.I. EUR - Contribution Fund

| Line | Contribution Fund | Current Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2018 | Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period as at 31 Dec 2017 |
|------|--|---|--|
| 1. | Balance at 1 January | 257 292 351 | 254 415 445 |
| 2. | Clearing of profit/loss of the previous reporting period | (313 200) | (228 354) |
| 3. | Contributions of banks to the protection system | 3 161 521 | 2 971 713 |
| 4. | Cancellation of provisions | 517 144 | 133 547 |
| 5. | Creation of provisions | (6 333) | 0 |
| 6. | Balance of creation and cancellation of provisions for compensation payments | 10 046 | 0 |
| 7. | Balance at 31 December | 260 661 529 | 257 292 351 |

As at 31 December 2018, the Fund reported the Contribution Fund amounting to EUR **260 661 529** and a loss amounting to EUR 266 304.25 for the reporting period from 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2018. The loss will be cleared against the Contribution Fund after the Fund's Council approves the 2018 financial statements.

In 2018, banks paid annual contributions to the Fund pursuant to Article 6 (2) of the Deposit Protection Act in the amount of 0.01% of the value of covered bank deposits protected by the Deposit Protection Act. Pursuant to the Deposit Protection Act, state financial assets may also be used to supplement the Fund's funds required to pay compensation for inaccessible deposits as per Act No. 384/2011 Coll. on Special Levy of Selected Financial Institutions, as amended.

Annual contributions for 2018, which banks were obliged to pay by 15 June 2018, amounted to EUR 3 161 520.72.

In 2013, one of the banks whose deposits were protected by the deposit protection system in Slovakia paid an extraordinary contribution amounting to EUR 5 642 008 to the Fund, thereby meeting its statutory obligation pursuant to Article 22c (2) (d) (2) of the Deposit Protection Act resulting from a change in its participation in the deposit protection system. In November 2013, the bank filed a legal action against the alleged decision of the Fund as a public administration body. On 30 May 2017, the Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic upheld the ruling of the Bratislava Regional Court, which dismissed the action in the full extent, with a final and binding resolution. As a result, the bank filed an action to a general court against the Slovak Republic, represented by the Ministry of Justice of the Slovak Republic, the Ministry of Finance of the Slovak Republic, and the Deposit Protection Fund, seeking compensation for alleged (non-existing) damage suffered allegedly due to the exercise of public authority (adoption of legislation by the National Council of the Slovak Republic in HY1 2004).

See Note F for more information.

Company ID

3 5 7 0 0 5 6 4

Tax ID

2 0 2 0 8 6 2 0 3 0

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

INCOME STATEMENT OF THE GUARANTEE FUND
E.I. EUR - Guarantee Fund Administration Expenses

| Line | Guarantee Fund Administration Expenses | Current Reporting Period (1 Jan 2018 – 31 Dec 2018) | Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period (1 Jan 2017 - 31 Dec 2017) |
|------|--|---|---|
| 1. | Personnel expenses | (306 238) | (362 147) |
| 2. | Other operating expenses | (91 964) | (92 238) |
| 3. | Depreciation charges | (35 712) | (24 970) |
| 4. | Other expenses | (320) | (310) |
| | Total | (434 234) | (479 664) |

E. a. EUR - Personnel Expenses

| Line | Personnel Expenses | Current Reporting Period (1 Jan 2018 – 31 Dec 2018) | Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period (1 Jan 2017 - 31 Dec 2017) |
|-----------|---|---|---|
| 1. | Wages and salaries and social security payments, of which: | (304 150) | (359 046) |
| 1.1. | Employee wages, salaries and bonuses | (153 823) | (210 995) |
| 1.2. | Remuneration of the members of statutory bodies | (64 538) | (57 800) |
| 1.3. | Social security and health insurance expenses | (85 789) | (90 251) |
| 2. | Other personnel expenses | (2 088) | (3 101) |
| | Total | (306 238) | (362 147) |

In addition to employee wages and salaries, personnel expenses include remuneration of the members of the Fund's Supervisory Board and Council for discharge of their office in 2018. The Fund's employees represent the Fund's Office that performs tasks related to the professional, organisational, administrative and technical operations of the Fund and its bodies. The Fund is managed by the Presidium chairman. The Fund had 5 full-time equivalent employees in 2018, of which 3 employees were Presidium members.

E. b. EUR - Other Operating Expenses

| Line | Other Operating Expenses | Current Reporting Period (1 Jan 2018 – 31 Dec 2018) | Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period (1 Jan 2017 - 31 Dec 2017) |
|------|--------------------------|---|---|
| 1. | Taxes and fees | (3 922) | (2 571) |
| 2. | Audit expenses | (11 100) | (11 400) |
| 3. | Legal advisory | (13 426) | (13 426) |
| 4. | Other operating expenses | (63 516) | (64 841) |
| | Total | (91 964) | (92 238) |

Taxes and fees include indirect taxes. Income tax is disclosed separately in line "j". Other operating expenses represent purchased services.

Company ID

3 5 7 0 0 5 6 4

Tax ID

2 0 2 0 8 6 2 0 3 0

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

E. e. Other Expenses

Other expenses include bank fees and commissions in the amount of EUR 319.83.

E.II. EUR – National Fund Administration Expenses

| Line | Guarantee Fund Administration Expenses | Current Reporting Period (1 Jan 2018 – 31 Dec 2018) | Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period (1 Jan 2017 - 31 Dec 2017) |
|------|--|---|---|
| 1. | Payment operations | 0 | 0 |
| 2. | Bookkeeping, preparation of financial statements and statements of arrears | (322) | (372) |
| 6. | Granting of powers of attorney, concluding agreements and other legal agenda | 0 | 0 |
| | Total | (322) | (372) |

Pursuant to the Crisis Resolution Act, the Deposit Protection Fund administers the National Fund at its expense.

E.1. EUR – Interest Income

| Line | Interest Income | Current Reporting Period (1 Jan 2018 – 31 Dec 2018) | Immediately-Preceding Reporting Period (1 Jan 2017 - 31 Dec 2017) |
|------|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| 1. | Interest income from current accounts | 4 391 | 5 963 |
| 2. | Income from term deposits | 202 586 | 198 251 |
| | Total | 206 977 | 204 214 |

E. 4. EUR – Other Income

Other income includes unused provisions for services in 2017, amounting to EUR 654.20.

F. SUMMARY OF OTHER ASSETS AND OTHER LIABILITIES

National Fund for Crisis Resolution

Since 1 January 2016, the Fund keeps separate accounting books for the National Fund and bears its administration expenses, see Note E.II.

The National Fund is not a legal entity, hence its funds are not part of the state budget or any other budgets of the public administration sector. On behalf of the National Fund, separate accounting books, separate financial statements, balance sheet, off-balance sheet and notes are kept and prepared for the Crisis Resolution Board by the Fund at its expense. The accounting books and financial funds of the National Fund are recorded separately from other funds and assets of the Fund.

Company ID

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

Tax ID

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

Under the Crisis Resolution Act, selected institutions are obliged to pay an annual and extraordinary contributions to the National Fund.

The National Fund is comprised of credit institutions' and security traders' contributions and the target amount for the resolution fund is 1% of covered deposits by 31 December 2024. For 2018, the contribution of EUR 19 044 476.53, in accordance with the statutory conditions for crisis resolution, was paid on 27 June 2018 to the Single Fund for Crisis Resolution.

The Fund records no other assets and liabilities.

Contingent Liabilities of the Fund

Compliance with regulatory and supervisory principles that prevent potential risks at banks is a prerequisite for ensuring financial stability and depositor protection. Guarantees laid down in the Deposit Protection Act and related acts, particularly the Crisis Resolution Act create a legislative framework for balancing financial security and protection of deposits of banking sector depositors.

The Fund is able to meet its statutory obligation, ie to protect deposits in banks that participate in the deposit protection system in Slovakia. The Fund is currently unaware of facts that could represent contingent liabilities and could significantly influence its financial situation.

The Fund's nineteen passive litigations on compensation payments for inaccessible deposits were completed, of which one litigation was completed in 2018. Seventeen litigations in total were won by the Fund.

Litigation was pending due to a repeated appeal concerning the payment of default interest and legal representation costs. After a number of court rulings, the final ruling was issued in favour of the Fund on 8 November 2017. The Court identified with the arguments presented by the Fund, which rely on the fact that the respondent could not have defaulted on payment, as it became obliged to provide payment to the claimants of the residual portion of the funds not recoverable from the bank only after a court ruling became effective, therefore, the court dismissed the action. The claimants filed an appeal against the court's ruling on 22 November 2017. The Bratislava Regional Court by its ruling No. CO/150/2018 partially amended the first-instance court ruling so that the respondent is obliged to pay an amount of EUR 3 267.37 to the three claimants, and upheld the district court's ruling in the remaining dismissing verdict. The claimants were awarded the right to reimbursement of legal representation costs.

The justification of the Bratislava Regional Court is based on the binding legal opinion of the Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic, under which the three heirs entered in the contractual relationships of one benefactor and they allegedly established a relationship similar to the joint deposit.

As the courts in 2008 acknowledged in their final and binding rulings that the claimants are entitled to a receivable from the principal, and since under Article 121 (3) interest and charges of a receivable mean interest, default interest, late payment fee and the related enforcement expenses, it was probable that in this case the courts will also acknowledge default interest and costs of legal representation. Therefore, and also based on the reason above, on 4 December 2018 the Fund's Council agreed that the Fund's only litigation on compensation payments will be finally completed. The Fund did not appeal against the Bratislava Regional Court's ruling, paid default interest in the total amount of EUR 9 802.11 and the litigation was finally closed after 16 years. The costs of legal representation have not been yet calculated. As at 31 December 2018, the related provision for the litigation was dissolved by the Fund in the amount of the paid default interest (E.4.1.).

Company ID

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

Tax ID

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

On 28 November 2013, a bank filed a legal action against the Deposit Protection Fund as regards the payment of an extraordinary contribution in 2013 (E.7.I). These proceedings under administrative jurisdiction have been stayed by an effective Resolution of the Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic No. 5Sžf/3/2016 of 30 May 2017, by which the Supreme Court upheld Resolution of the Bratislava Regional Court No. 6S/283/2013-129 of 27 November 2015 on staying the proceedings (as regards a legal action of 28 November 2013) due to the non-existence of a decision by the Fund as a public administration body.

After dismissal of the administrative action, the above bank filed an action against the Slovak Republic, represented by the Ministry of Finance of the Slovak Republic as Respondent 1, the Ministry of Justice of the Slovak Republic as Respondent 2, and the Deposit Protection Fund as Respondent 3, seeking compensation for allegedly incurred (non-existing) damage. According to the claimant, the alleged damage occurred due to the exercise of public authority, as a result of alleged illegal legislative actions of the National Council of the Slovak Republic, ie adoption of Act No. 186/2004 Coll. of 12 March 2004, which by Chapter V added a new Article 22c to Act of the National Council of the Slovak Republic No. 118/1996 Coll. on Protection of Deposits and on Amendments to Certain Acts, as amended. On behalf of the Respondent, ie the Slovak Republic, the Fund challenged the passive procedural legitimation (absence of legal jurisdiction of the Fund) to represent the Respondent, ie the Slovak Republic, in proceedings over the merits of the filed action, challenged the substantiation and the grounds of the action, and refuted the assertions made by the claimant.

The Fund created no provision for this litigation - see Note E.4.I.

G. OTHER NOTES

G.1. Financial Relations with Related Parties

The Fund's related parties include parties who, directly or indirectly, have the power to exercise control over the Fund (and their close relatives), parties with a significant influence in the Fund and parties holding key management positions in the Fund (and their close relatives).

Related parties are considered to be the members of the following bodies:

- Council of the Fund;
- Supervisory Board of the Fund; and
- Presidium of the Fund.

No loans, borrowings and guarantees were provided to related parties. As a result of financial relations with related parties, the Fund does not record any receivables from, or payables to, the related parties, except for those described in Note E.5.I.

G.2. Significant Events that Occurred After the Reporting Date

After the reporting date no such significant events occurred that would have required their disclosure or adjustments to the financial statements as at 31 December 2018.

G. 4. Proposed Distribution of Profit for the Current Reporting Period

At its session held on 20 March 2018, the Fund's Council made a decision to charge the 2017 profit amounting to EUR 313 200.03 to the contribution fund. In 2018, the Fund reported a loss in the amount of EUR 266 304.25. The decision on the settlement of the loss will be made by the supreme body of the Fund at its 3rd meeting to be held in 2019 pursuant to an adopted measure and the Fund's Statutes.

Company ID

3 5 7 0 0 5 6 4

Tax ID

2 0 2 0 8 6 2 0 3 0

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

G.5. Fund Employees and Bodies

| Full-Time Equivalent of the Fund | No. of Members of the Fund's Council | No. of Members of the Fund's Supervisory Board | No. of Members of the Fund's Presidium |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| 5 | 7 | 7 | 3 |

Fund's Council

The Fund's Council is the supreme body of the Fund and consists of seven members with a four-year term of office. Appointments to and termination of membership of the Council is governed by provisions of Article 16 (2) of the Deposit Protection Act and Article 8 of the Fund's Statutes.

Three members are representatives of the bank that participate in the deposit protection system. The members are elected by banks at the meeting of the banks' representatives. Two members are representatives of the National Bank of Slovakia and are appointed and dismissed by the Governor of the National Bank of Slovakia. The other two members are representatives of the Ministry of Finance of the SR and are elected from amongst the Ministry's employees and are appointed and dismissed by the Minister of Finance of the SR. Each Council member has one vote.

In 2018, there was a change of the Fund's Council Chairman due to the termination of employment of Chairman of the Fund's Council representing the National Bank of Slovakia on this body. After the governor of the National Bank of Slovakia appointed a new representative, the Fund's Council elected this representative as the Chairman of the Fund's Council for a four-year term with effect from 1 April 2018.

Structure of the Fund's Council in 2018

| Title, Name and Surname | Representative | Funkcia |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Ing. Štefan Králik | National Bank of Slovakia | Chairman until 31 Mar 2018 |
| RNDr. Karol Mrva | National Bank of Slovakia | Chairman since 1 Apr 2018 |
| Ing. Pavel Cetkovský | Slovenská sporiteľňa, a.s. | Vice-Chairman since 20 Mar 2018 |
| Ing. Peter Magala, FCCA, FRM | Všeobecná úverová banka, a.s | Member since 1 Jan 2018 |
| Ing. Miroslav Uličný | Tatra banka, a.s. | Member |
| JUDr. Štefan Hrčka, PhD. | National Bank of Slovakia | Member |
| Ing. Roman Turok-Heteš | Ministry of Finance of the SR | Member |
| Mgr. Martin Peter | Ministry of Finance of the SR | Member |

Fund's Presidium

The Fund's Presidium is responsible for the Fund's operations, including the execution of the Council's rulings and acts on behalf of the Fund to the extent primarily stipulated by the Deposit Protection Act and the Fund Statutes. The Presidium consists of a Chairman and two other members, who are appointed and dismissed by the Council. All members of the Presidium are Fund employees. The Chairman of the Fund's Presidium resigned as at 31 December 2017. From 1 January 2018 until the election of a new Chairman of the Fund's Presidium by the Fund's Council at its 1st meeting of 2018 with effect from 1 March 2018, a member of the Fund's Presidium was temporarily authorised to act as Chairman of the Fund's Council.

Structure of the Fund's Presidium in 2018

| Title, Name and Surname | Position |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Ing. Pavol Komzala | Chairman since 1 Mar 2018 |
| JUDr. Ildikó Hurínek Kamenická | Member |
| Ing. Katarína Krištofiaková | Member |

Company ID

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

Tax ID

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

Fund's Supervisory Board

The Supervisory Board oversees the operations and performance of the Fund, including the Fund's bodies. It consists of seven members and their term of office is four years. The appointment and termination of the membership in the Supervisory Board is governed by provisions of Article 20 (2) of the Deposit Protection Act and Article 14 of the Fund's Statutes.

Three members are bank representatives, who are elected and dismissed by the Fund's Council based on banks' proposals. Two members are representatives of the National Bank of Slovakia; they are appointed and dismissed by the Governor of the National Bank of Slovakia, other two members are representatives of the Ministry of Finance of the SR; they are elected from amongst the Ministry's employees and appointed and dismissed by the Minister of Finance of the SR. The members of the Council and Presidium and other Fund employees may not be Supervisory Board members.

The governor of the National Bank of Slovakia reappointed Ing. Vladimír Dvořáček as the representative of the National Bank of Slovakia on the Fund's Supervisory Board for a four-year term, with effect from 1 August 2018. At its 89th meeting, the Fund's Supervisory Board elected Ing. Vladimír Dvořáček as the Board's Chairman with the same effect.

Structure of the Fund's Supervisory Board in 2018

| Title, Name and Surname | Representative | Position |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Ing. Vladimír Dvořáček | National Bank of Slovakia | Chairman |
| Ing. Daniel Kollár | Československá obchodná banka, a.s. | Vice-Chairman |
| JUDr. Jana Škultétyová | Národná banka Slovenska | Member since 1 Jan 2018 |
| Ing. Darina Čaplánová | Ministry of Finance of the SR | Member |
| Ing. Zita Zemková | OTP Banka Slovensko, a.s. | Member |
| Ing. Radovan Majerský | Ministry of Finance of the SR | Member |
| Ing. Imrich Béreš | Prvá stavebná sporiteľňa, a.s. | Member |

G.6. Taxation

Under the Income Tax Act, taxpayers' income specified in Article 12(3) of the Income Tax Act generated from activity for which such taxpayers have been established, or which is their fundamental activity defined in a special regulation, except for income generated from the sale of assets, is tax exempt.

The Fund is a taxpayer which was not established or founded for business purposes and, therefore, the income generated from the Fund's activities undertaken under the Deposit Protection Act, except for income taxed at a special rate, is exempt from corporation tax.

The Fund is not a VAT payer and indirect taxes paid are included in other operating expenses.

Withholding tax applicable to interest income on bank accounts and term deposits recorded in the current year is recognised as income tax in line "j".

G.10. Risks Arising from the Fund's Operations

Compliance with principles and control processes adopted by the Fund supporting the prudent principle when managing potential risks ensures elimination of risks so the Fund will be able to continue as a going concern in the foreseeable future.

Company ID

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

Tax ID

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

When preparing the Fund's financial statements, management reassesses assumptions with an impact on the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as at the reporting date and on the recognition of revenues and expenses for the relevant period. The actual results may differ from these estimates, primarily due to the outcome of other litigation, if any, as part of bankruptcy proceedings of the bankrupts Devín banka, a. s. and Slovenská kreditná banka, a. s., which could result in an adjustment of estimates. However, these should not be lower than the reported balance. As regards assets, the Fund's receivables from banks in bankruptcy are subject to estimation. The reported amounts represent management's best available estimate based on data and information available to the Fund.

The Fund's receivables from banks in bankruptcy are of a specific nature depending on the cause of their origin. The Fund's receivables arose primarily from an obligation stipulated by the Deposit Protection Act, ie the obligation to make compensation payments for inaccessible deposits of insolvent banks. At the inception of a receivable, the Fund does not determine the receivable amount, or the conditions for its recovery. The transfer of creditor rights as a result of compensation payments made is guaranteed by the Deposit Protection Act and a statute of limitation cannot be challenged against the Fund as regards the enforcement of a receivable from compensation payments made for time-barred deposits in bankruptcy proceedings.

The execution of a decision for the Fund's funds is ruled out. The Fund's claims in bankruptcy proceedings over bank assets must be satisfied first, prior to other unsecured claims.

Amounts recognised as provisions as part of obligations to pay compensation comprise expenses which are required to settle a liability with no specific maturity and/or an amount owed.

G.10.1. Methods and Procedures for Identifying Risks for the Fund

According to valid legislation of the Slovak Republic, the Fund can satisfy its claims and reduce the risk of a loss due to the payment of funds as follows:

- By the registration of claims in bankruptcy proceedings by the statutory time limit if bankruptcy proceedings were begun against a debtor of the Fund;
- By exercising and enforcing the Fund's creditor rights;
- By proposing draft legislative amendments to strengthen the position and rights of the Fund; and
- By filing applications, motions and notifications with government bodies and law enforcement agencies to improve the efficiency of pending bankruptcy proceedings.

G.10.2. Methods and Procedures for Measuring, Monitoring and Managing Risks for the Fund

The Fund monitors the banking sector and collects data on deposit protection while cooperating closely with the National Bank of Slovakia and foreign funds. The Fund continually analyses data on the Slovak and foreign banking sectors. In cooperation with banks, the Fund continually analyses the development of banking sector deposits. The Slovak banking sector is currently considered to be stable.

The Fund is obliged to regularly perform stress testing on the deposit protection system (at least once every three years) and report the results to the National Bank of Slovakia, the Ministry of Finance SR and the European Banking Authority. The above-stated statutory obligation relates to the testing of the banks' and the Fund's readiness so that if any of the banks is declared unable to make deposit payments, the deposit protection system is able to pay out compensation for inaccessible deposits by the statutory time limit. The Fund's risk management as regards securing the funding of the Fund in the event of a potential compensation pay-out for inaccessible deposits resulting from a bank's inability to make deposit payments is carried out in accordance with the Deposit Protection Act, which defines the funding and thereby ensures the stability of the Fund's income.

Company ID

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

Tax ID

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

In 2018, the Fund conducted a stress testing pursuant to Article 12 (7) of the Deposit Protection Act and in line with the Stress Testing Plan approved by the Fund's Council on 22 March 2017. The objective of the stress test was to test operational capability and mainly included the payment of compensations to depositors if a bank is unable to pay deposits, and to review the financial back-up for the payment of compensations. The stress test was conducted with the largest bank in terms of the volume of protected deposits. The stress test results confirmed that the selected bank is able to generate data files for the payment, if any, of compensations for inaccessible deposits and these files can be processed by the Deposit Protection Fund's information system for the payment of compensations for inaccessible bank deposits. Financial back-up is addressed by the bank's resolution plan. A review of data files on depositors, their deposits and the liabilities of other 11 banks was carried out which confirmed the banks are able to prepare files in the correct structure and such files can be processed by the Fund. A steering group and an observation group were established for the stress testing of the deposit protection system, whose members are representatives of the Fund, the National Bank of Slovakia, the Ministry of Finance of the Slovak Republic and the Slovak Banking Association. The stress test report was approved by the Fund's Council on 4 December 2018 and was submitted to the National Bank of Slovakia, the Ministry of Finance of the Slovak Republic and the European Banking Authority (EBA).

In accordance with the Deposit Protection Act, the Fund sets the amount of the annual contribution no later than 1 April, in a minimum amount of 0.01% of the average balance of covered deposits in the respective bank for the previous calendar year, and based on the bank's risk level as determined by the National Bank of Slovakia. When determining annual contributions, the Fund takes into account the banking sector's stability, the economic cycle phase and the impact of the determined contributions on the Slovak banking sector's stability, also based on data provided by the National Bank of Slovakia. The annual contribution determined by the Fund's Council must be paid by a bank on or before 15 June of the relevant calendar year and the Fund is authorised to determine the details of the calculation of the annual contribution and average balance of protected deposits, including the calculation methodology for the annual contribution.

The Fund's Council may set the amount of the extraordinary contribution up to 0.5% of the covered deposits' value and may also set a higher extraordinary contribution with the approval of the National Bank of Slovakia.

The amount of contributions is determined by the Fund so that as of 3 July 2024, the amount of available funds will be as a minimum at the target level of 0.8% of the value of all covered deposits. The target level does not include contributions made under the Crisis Resolution Act. The amount of available funds may include payment obligations, which may not exceed 30% of the amount of available funds.

In addition to contributions from the banks, funding for the Fund may also include loans and refundable financial assistance and subsidies from the state budget to support the roles of the Fund and the deposit protection system according to conditions stipulated by the relevant legislation. State financial assets may also be used as set out in Article 4 (3), first sentence of Act No. 384/2011 Coll. on the Special Levy of Selected Financial Institutions and on Amendments to and Supplementation of Certain Acts, as amended, to add funds to the Fund required to cover expenses for compensation payments for inaccessible deposits.

FOV funds may be used to finance a crisis situation resolution up to a minimum of 50% of the target level, unless the Fund Council decides otherwise, and up to a maximum of 160% of the target level. Should FOV funds be decreased by more than one third from the target level, the Fund Council will set the annual contribution at a level which will enable the target level to be reached within six years of the decrease of the FOV funds by one third.

Company ID

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

Tax ID

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

ÚČ ZFOND 3-1

The banking sector's stability will be significantly affected by the amendment to Regulation (EU) No. 806/2014, which will establish the European Deposit Insurance Scheme ("EDIS") to protect deposits at the Banking Union level. The completion of this third pillar of the Banking Union will take place in three stages – reinsurance system, co-insurance system and full insurance system, at which time the national deposit protection systems will be fully insured via EDIS, which will increase financial market stability.

Creating EDIS will result in the establishment of a Single Deposit Insurance Fund at the European level administered by the Single Resolution and Deposit Insurance Board, which will accumulate funds from ex-ante contributions of the banks from all Member States participating in EDIS. Contributions will be set based on the bank risk profiles. The accumulation of funds will reduce the vulnerability of depositors to large local shocks. To comply with the cost-neutrality principle, these contributions will be counted towards the target level of available funds at 0.8% of the covered deposits in 2024 in accordance with Directive 2014/49/EU on Deposit Guarantee Schemes, as amended.

SELECTED FINANCIAL INDICATORS OF THE DEPOSIT PROTECTION FUND

Overview of Assets and Liabilities as at 31 December (in EUR)

| Assets | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Current account with the National Bank of Slovakia and cash on hand | 5 610 292 | 395 889 |
| Term deposits with the National Bank of Slovakia | 202 504 175 | 205 089 581 |
| Receivables from paid compensation | 51 800 790 | 51 280 176 |
| Other assets | 3 607 | 5 064 |
| Loss for the current period | 266 304 | 313 200 |
| Total assets | 260 752 958 | 257 583 516 |

| Liabilities | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| Liabilities for compensation payments | 6 375 | 16 421 |
| Other liabilities | 85 054 | 274 434 |
| Current income tax | 0 | 310 |
| Contribution fund | 260 661 529 | 257 292 351 |
| Profit for the current period/Profit subject to approval | 0 | 0 |
| Total liabilities | 260 752 958 | 257 583 516 |

Overview of Expenses and Revenues for the Period from 1 January to 31 December (in EUR)

| | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Personnel expenses | (306 238) | (362 147) |
| Other operating expenses | (91 964) | (92 238) |
| Depreciation/amortisation | (35 712) | (24 970) |
| Other expenses | (320) | (310) |
| Interest income | 206 977 | 204 214 |
| Profit/loss from bond transactions | 0 | 0 |
| Profit/loss from the sale and transfer of assets | 0 | 1 733 |
| Guarantee Fund management expenses | (434 234) | (479 664) |
| National Fund management expenses | (322) | (372) |
| Interest expenses and similar expenses | 0 | 0 |
| Income tax | (39 379) | (39 111) |
| Guarantee Fund funding expenses | (39 379) | (39 111) |
| Profit/loss for the reporting period after tax | (266 304) | (313 200) |

REPORT OF THE SUPERVISORY BOARD OF THE DEPOSIT PROTECTION FUND

The Supervisory Board of the Deposit Protection Fund oversees the activities and operations of the Deposit Protection Fund and its bodies.

In 2018, as part of its activities the Supervisory Board of the Deposit Protection Fund in accordance with Act of the National Council of the Slovak Republic No. 118/1996 Coll. on Deposit Protection and on Amendments to Certain Acts, as amended (hereinafter "Act No. 118/1996 Coll."), with other legislation and regulations of the Deposit Protection Fund, involved especially the assessment of the overall development of the financial situation, including differentiated bank contributions, and the overall financial performance of the Deposit Protection Fund.

The members of the Supervisory Board of the Deposit Protection Fund are legally authorised to inspect documents related to the Deposit Protection Fund's activities, including processing of legally-protected personal data, and to obtain information about all transactions performed with its funds.

In connection with the verification of legality, the Supervisory Board of the Deposit Protection Fund also paid attention to compliance with obligations pursuant to Act No. 371/2014 Coll. on Resolution in the Financial Market and on Amendments to Certain Acts, as amended, which extended the activities of the Deposit Protection Fund by the management of funds of the National Crisis Resolution Fund, including their regular transfer to the Single Crisis Resolution Fund.

The Supervisory Board of the Deposit Protection Fund also focused on the results of the verification of the functionality and ability of the Deposit Protection Fund to make compensation payments for non-accessible deposits in banks in accordance with legal conditions. The Deposit Protection Fund submits a report on the results of this verification annually to the National Bank of Slovakia, the Ministry of Finance of the Slovak Republic and the European Banking Authority (EBA).

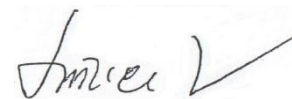
Pursuant to Article 21 of Act No. 118/1996 Coll., the Supervisory Board of the Deposit Protection Fund reports regularly to the Council of the Deposit Protection Fund and to the National Bank of Slovakia. If any actions of the Deposit Protection Fund are not in compliance with the relevant legislation, the Supervisory Board must report on such actions within three days of detection.

In 2018, the Supervisory Board continued to issue quarterly reports on the Fund's activities in which it concluded that no deficiencies were identified in the management of the Deposit Protection Fund in the relevant period.

At its 92th meeting on 13 March 2019, the Supervisory Board of the Deposit Protection Fund discussed a proposal for the approval of the Deposit Protection Fund's 2018 financial statements and information on the audit of these financial statements by an external auditor. The Supervisory Board concluded that the Deposit Protection Fund prepared the 2018 financial statements pursuant to Article 14 of Act No. 118/1996 Coll., the relevant provisions of Act No. 431/2002 Coll. on Accounting, as amended, and the measures of the Ministry of Finance of the Slovak Republic governing this area.

According to the independent auditor's report issued by Deloitte Audit s.r.o., the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Deposit Protection Fund as at 31 December 2018, and its financial performance for the year then ended is in accordance with the Slovak Act on Accounting.

Based on the result of the audit carried out by the independent auditor and based on its own control activities and a review of the financial statements, the Supervisory Board of the Deposit Protection Fund approved the financial statements and recommended that the Council of the Deposit Protection Fund approve the annual financial statements of the Deposit Protection Fund for 2018, as they were prepared correctly and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Deposit Protection Fund.



Ing. Vladimír Dvořáček
Chairman of the Supervisory Board
of the Deposit Protection Fund

Fond Ochrany Vkladov

**SUPPLEMENT TO THE INDEPENDENT
AUDITOR'S REPORT
ON THE ANNUAL REPORT
PURSUANT TO ACT NO. 423/2015 COLL.,
ARTICLE 27 (6)**

31 DECEMBER 2018

Fond ochrany vkladov
SUPPLEMENT TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
ON THE ANNUAL REPORT
Pursuant to Act No. 423/2015 Coll., Article 27 (6)

To the Presidium, Council and the Supervisory Board of Fond ochrany vkladov:

- I. We have audited the financial statements of Fond ochrany vkladov (the "Fund") as at 31 December 2018 presented in Appendix to Annual report of the Fund. We issued an Auditor's Report on the Audit of Financial Statements dated 8 March 2019 in the wording as follows:

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Fond ochrany vkladov (the "Fund"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2018, and the income statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2018, and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with the Act on Accounting No. 431/2002 Coll. as amended (the "Act on Accounting").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the provisions of Act No. 423/2015 Coll. on Statutory Audit and on Amendment to and Supplementation of Act No. 431/2002 Coll. on Accounting, as amended (hereinafter the "Act on Statutory Audit") related to ethical requirements, including the Code of Ethics for Auditors that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibility of the Fund's Presidium

Presidium of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Act on Accounting, and for such internal control as Presidium of the Fund determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Presidium of the Fund is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless Funds' Presidium either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

This is an English language translation of the original Slovak language document.

Deloitte refers to one or more of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited, a UK private company limited by guarantee and its network of member firms, each of which is a legally separate and independent entity. Please see www.deloitte.com/sk/about for a detailed description of the legal structure of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited and its member firms.

Deloitte provides audit, tax, consulting, transaction advisory and legal services to public and private clients spanning multiple industries. With a globally connected network of member firms in more than 150 countries and territories, Deloitte brings world-class capabilities and high-quality service to clients, delivering the insights they need to address their most complex business challenges. Deloitte's approximately 245,000 professionals are committed to making an impact that matters.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the statutory body.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Fund's Presidium use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

II. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Report on Information Disclosed in the Annual Report – Supplement to the Independent Auditor's Report

Presidium of the Fund is responsible for information disclosed in the annual report prepared under the requirements of the Act on Accounting. Our opinion on the financial statements stated above does not apply to other information in the annual report.

In connection with the audit of financial statements, our responsibility is to gain an understanding of the information disclosed in the annual report and consider whether such information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit of the financial statements, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

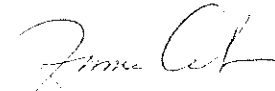
We evaluated whether the Fund's annual report includes information whose disclosure is required by the Act on Accounting.

Based on procedures performed during the audit of the financial statements, in our opinion:

- Information disclosed in the annual report prepared for 2018 is consistent with the financial statements for the relevant year; and
- The annual report includes information pursuant to the Act on Accounting.

Furthermore, based on our understanding of the Fund and its position, obtained in the audit of the financial statements, we are required to disclose whether material misstatements were identified in the annual report, which we received after the date of issuance of the report on the audit of financial statements. There are no findings that should be reported in this regard.

Bratislava, 26 April 2019


Ing. Zuzana Letková, FCCA
Responsible Auditor
Licence SKAu No. 865

On behalf of
Deloitte Audit s.r.o.
Licence SKAu No. 014